

VOLUME SIXTEEN

CHICKASHA, OKLAHOMA, FRIDAY, MAY 21, 1915.

NUMBER 121.

ALL ITALY IS FIRED BY WAR BRAND

Country Seethes with Excitement on
Eve of Formal Entrance into
Great Struggle—Cabinet
Holds Early Session

RUMORED ACTION
ALREADY STARTED

But No Confirmation—May Be No
Ultimatum—Vessel Loaded
with Contraband Seized—
Diplomats to Leave

By United Press.
Rome, May 21.—The whole of Italy is today afire with excitement. The cabinet was summoned into session at an unusually early hour and it is reported that a war council will be held tonight.

Premier Salandra today secured a royal decree suspending diplomatic immunity. The Austrian ambassador was at the vatican today. It is expected that both the German and Austrian diplomats will leave the country tomorrow.

There were rumors this morning that hostilities had already begun and that the fleet had sailed to meet the Austrians but these reports were not confirmed.

It is suggested that either a forty-eight hour ultimatum or war without further diplomatic action will be the decision of the cabinet.

The censor allowed a message to pass saying that an Italian torpedo boat stopped an Austrian vessel that was leaving port loaded with contraband.

Advices were received at Venice to the effect that Austria is interned all Italian males from seventeen to sixty years of age. It is also reported that mobs are terrorizing Italian residents at Pola.

A dispatch from Naples says the authorities seized a Greek steamer that was laden with rice and bound for Germany.

The Italian Demands.

The minimum demands made upon Austria in behalf of Italy by Foreign Minister Sonnino, were:

"First. The cessation of the entire province of Trent (part of the Austrian Tyrol), according to the frontier of the kingdom of Italy in 1813.

"Second. Easter Friuli, comprising Malborghet, Plesio, Tolmino, Gradisca, Goritz, Monfalcone, Gomen and as far south as Nabsresina.

"Third. Trieste, Cape De Istria and Pirano (the last two in Istria to form a new state independent from Austria.)

"Fourth. The islands of Carzola, Lissa, Lesina, Lagosta, Casca (off the coast of Lower Dalmatia) to be ceded to Italy.)

"Fifth. The abandonment by Austria of her interests in Albania, acknowledging Italian sovereignty over Avlona."

Country is United.

The days of Italy's regeneration are recalled by the events of the present. Apparently there are no factions in Italy now. Those who have been advocating intervention in the war and those who have been working in the interest of peace have ceased to express their views and are awaiting the action of the government.

The Republicans have published a manifesto declaring their readiness to go to the front "to fight for the glory of the country and the rights of the nation." From all the provinces come offers from volunteers desiring to enlist and willing to make all sacrifices, as some express it, "to free Italian brothers who have so long suffered under a foreign yoke."

King Victor-Emmanuel visited the barracks without an escort. He was recognized and proclaimed with the same enthusiasm as was his grandfather on the event of those fateful campaigns of 1859 and 1866.

The Duchess of Aosta, on the leaving of the quinal was the object of an affectionate manifestation in which the people shouted for victory for Italy, for Montenegro and for Serbia.

Col. Giuseppe Garibaldi visited the minister of war and asked his permission to organize a body of volunteers. The people cheered him, remembering his grandfather's leadership in the de-

tense of Rome.

Large numbers of students paraded to the ministry of public instruction, where the minister, Signor Grillo, thanked them in the name of the country, saying that much was expected of them. Two hundred and seventy-three deputies have already declared their intention immediately upon the adjournment of the chamber to ask to go to the front in case of war.

BIG BATTLE IS RESUMED AFTER HALT

Allies Receive Setback But Later
Regain Lost Trenches in Counter
Attacks—Fate of
Przemysl in Balance

By United Press.
Paris, May 21.—After a three days' halt on account of the heavy rains, the big battle around Ypres and Arras has been resumed.

The war office in a statement issued today admits that the allies received a temporary setback when the Germans drove them out of their first line of trenches north of Ypres.

However, it is stated that the allies later regained the lost trenches by making counter attacks and then gained additional ground.

The British forces are reported to have advanced slightly near Neuve Chapelle.

300,000 in Battle.

By United Press.
Petrograd, May 21. Three hundred thousand men are locked in a great battle which may determine the fate of Przemysl.

It is officially stated that the artillery action north of Jaroslav is the most violent ever. The war office claims that the advantage is with the Russians in the fighting in northeast Poland, southeast Galicia and Courland.

WEATHER TOUGH FOR CHINCH BUG

"Is the present brand of cold, damp weather favorable to the wheat?" O. C. Cooper, county farm agent, was asked this morning.

"It is good for the wheat and hard on the chinch bugs," replied Mr. Cooper. He continued, "It is not only hard on chinch bugs, but it is likewise hard on the red rust. If I had ordered weather for the wheat, it would be the very kind that we are now having. The rain has washed a great deal of rust from the leaves. One farmer was in the office this morning and stated to me that his field of wheat, which was suffering from the rust to a considerable extent, looked 100 per cent better this morning over two days ago."

"I have made a considerable tour over the county and I fail to find the general poor condition of wheat that is reported. In fact, the crop looked good to me, with the exception of occasional fields. I don't think there are enough chinch bugs to work any great amount of damage to the wheat and I don't think the red rust has materially hurt the crop to date. It seems to me the wheat crop in Grady county is in mighty good shape and I believe the yield will prove it."

When Buck Powell was brought before the court charged with beating his wife, Police Judge Coffman heard the evidence and then clapped one of the largest fines on him that has ever been assessed in the Chickasha police court. Powell's fine amounted to just over \$100. The maximum punishment in the power of Mr. Coffman to inflict was \$100 and 30 days in jail. He omitted the 30 days. Powell is in jail.

Oldest Woman in Great Britain is Dead at 105

By United Press.
Cardiff, May 12.—(By mail to New York.)—Mrs. Mary Edmond, 105, Great Britain's oldest woman, is dead here. While living in Scotland, her native country, she vividly remembered the coming on the news of the battle of Waterloo and the placing of candles in the windows in celebration of the victory.

On her 101st birthday a few years ago she was the recipient of a message of congratulation from the king. She was the widow of Dr. Francis Edmond, an eminent philanthropist of Aberdeen.

GIRLS TAKE MEN'S PLACES ON BRITISH FARMS



In connection with the scheme put forward by the British board of agriculture, a farm institute in Hampshire, at Sparsholt, has been organized where the girls are taught to take the place of men in every branch of farm work. The girls are seen following the harrow.

HOUSE IS RAIDED BY OFFICERS

Cops, Deputy Sheriffs and U. S. Marshal, Headed by Chief, Make a Midnight Surprise Round-Up

Last night about midnight the guests in the Zaufall rooming house at 209 1/2 Chickasha avenue were completely surprised by the entrance of the officers, which general raid resulted in the arrest of four women and two men, together with the negro porter. The raiders were headed by Chief Phillips and consisted of the police force, deputy sheriffs and a United States deputy marshal.

In police court this morning the hearings waxed warm and fast. Four of the women and one of the men were charged with immoral conduct and were all found guilty by the court. They were as follows: with fines Mable Merrill \$8, Nora Merrill \$8, Lillie Arason \$5, Ruth Christian \$10, Glenn Garcia, a Mexican, \$10, Jim Hunt, the negro porter, was assessed a fine of \$10 when he entered a plea of guilty to a charge of loitering around a bawdy house.

Fred Norris, proprietor of the house, was charged with running a house of prostitution. He entered a plea of not guilty and his trial was set for 4 o'clock this afternoon. He was placed in jail last night, as were the others, except Hunt, who was not arrested till this morning.

It was Fred Norris, proprietor of the rooming house, who filed in the district court here a suit against Ben Phillips, chief of police, asking in his petition that the chief be restrained from raiding his house. The police officials now claim that they have evidence enough against Norris to not only kill the suit but to make the operating of a house such as his is alleged to be, so expensive as to be not at all profitable.

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Cross Country Hikes to Fair in Fashion

By United Press.
Denver, Colo., May 21.—These are great days for the cross-country hikers. With the Panama-Pacific Exposition in view, more walkers than ever before are passing through Denver from eastern points, going to the fair on shanks' mare. Not all are forced to walk; most of the hikers are hoofing it from choice, for the fun, or the exercise, or for the experience.

Women are well represented in the transcontinental travelers. Recently three girls, ranging in ages from 18 to 21, passed through here, revolvers dangling from belts. They were: Maud Bridson, Ethel Rockwell and Ruth Harsley, all of Chicago. Miss Bridson is a teacher, Miss Rockwell a "hello" girl, and Miss Harsley man-

ALL EXCEPT ONE JUROR FOR TEDDY

Verdict is Returned But is Held
Illegal by the Court—Want
Defendant to Pay Part
of the Costs

By United Press.
Syracuse, N. Y., May 21.—After being out all night the jury in the Barnes-Roosevelt case, wherein William Barnes is suing the former president for \$50,000 for alleged libel, asked for a private conference with the judge, but the court decided to give no instructions in addition to those given in open court and the jurors filed back to resume their deliberations.

When the jurors returned the foreman announced that they had reached a verdict for Roosevelt, but they wanted the expenses of the trial paid jointly by the colonel and Barnes.

The clerk called the roll of jurors and all but Jurymen Barnes voted for Roosevelt. Burns voted in favor of Barnes. The judge ruled that the verdict was illegal and sent the jurors back. The judge then adjourned court for lunch.

The jury retired at 3:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon after William M. Ivins, chief counsel for Mr. Barnes, had summed up the case of the plaintiff and Justice Andrews had delivered his charge. The usual time for adjourning court has been 4 o'clock, but Justice Andrews agreed to remain until an hour later, so that he might give the jurymen any additional instructions they desired or answer any questions.

When at 5 o'clock no verdict had been reached Justice Andrews announced that he would adjourn court until 11 o'clock this morning.

CLOSING EXERCISES

The closing exercises of the year at the O. C. W. will be held in the college auditorium this evening at 8:30, when diplomas and certificates will be awarded and the annual address will be one of great interest. Last night the annual recital was given. A detailed account of it will be published later. The program for this evening is as follows:

Three Pianos—
(a) Bridal Song Jensen
(b) Round Dance Jensen
Misses Louise May, Rebecca Armstrong; Misses Ruth Woodard, Ruby John Canning, and Misses Jean McCosh, Marion McCosh.
Address Dr. M. A. Boeson
A. & M. College, Stillwater.
Vocal Trio—
Murmuring Zephyrs Jensen
Mrs. Clara Bonnell, Misses Freda Decker and Hazel Canfield.
Presentation of Certificates and
Diplomas President G. W. Austin
ager of a cafeteria. Each had received several marriage proposals on the trip but wouldn't stop their hike for such a little matter as a proposal.

DECIDE TO CELEBRATE THE FOURTH

Nature of Big Do's Not Definitely
Determined but First Class
Show Assured—Com-
mittees Appointed

That the Merchants' association will give a big July 4th celebration was determined last night at the meeting of the Retail Merchants association, when some discussion of the proposition was had, committees appointed and general preparations for the big stunt were started.

Just the nature of the celebration has not yet been determined but that it is going to be some show is the determination of the association and no expense or trouble will be spared to bring here the best attractions and afford the people the best possible entertainment. Some of the members favored a repetition of the airship flights of last July 4th, while others seemed in favor of a carnival company. Still others mentioned a series of attractions and events, including motorcycle racing with the possibility of staging some races. The committees will report at the next meeting, at which time details will be worked out and announcement of the nature of the celebration made.

The committees appointed by President Reinheimer were: Finance, J. W. Kayser, J. W. Darnell, Conde McGinley.
General arrangements, J. E. Schow, S. J. Goldsmith, W. H. Ferrell.
Amusement and entertainment, Ed Bittsch, John Gribb, W. A. Hopkins.
Advertising, L. Erlich, I. A. Bone, Harry Schwartz.

BROOKLYN'S BIG PAGEANT

By United Press.
New York, May 21.—The twenty-third regimental armory at Bedford avenue and Pacific street, will be the scene tonight of a giant indoor pageant of early American history. The principal guests will be school children from the public high schools. The purpose of the pageant is to keep fresh in the minds of the younger generation the great events of this country's early history.

STORM AT LINDSAY.

Word was received here this morning by Hal Thompson that at Lindsay yesterday a storm rather in the nature of a "twister" was experienced. He did not learn the extent of the damage done but stated that the outbuildings and a large hay barn on his farm were picked up and scattered over the landscape to quite some extent. He said from the information the storm missed the derrick of the Lindsay Oil company by about 100 yards.

WEATHER FORECAST.

For Oklahoma.
Tonight and Saturday, generally fair, warmer tonight in central and northern portions.
Local Temperature.
During the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m.
Maximum 72
Minimum 44

WEATHER ELSEWHERE

Western Union reports received at 8 a. m.:

Texas.
Generally cloudy; rained over entire state last night. Temperature 70.

Oklahoma.
Generally clear, light rains during night in eastern portion. Temperature 60.

KAISER IS MAN WHO HOLDS KEY

Continuance of Friendly Relations
with U. S. Believed to Rest
with Ruler—England to
Settle Claims

By United Press.
Washington, May 21.—Officials here feel that the kaiser is the only man who can now determine whether friendly relations between the United States and Germany shall continue.

It is pointed out that the Berlin papers are now showing a bitter tone and this is taken as reflecting the attitude of the German government.

Ambassador Gerard sent word from Berlin that the kaiser is coming to the German capital to read the American note and it is believed that the nature of the reply to the United States will be decided by him.

To Settle Cotton Claims.

By United Press.
Washington, May 21.—Secretary Bryan announced today that he has confirmation that Great Britain will settle immediately all controversies regarding American cotton shipments that are held in British ports.

Bryan stated that the only details of the settlement remained to be worked out.

POSITION IS MADE PLAIN BY JOHN D.

By United Press.
Washington, May 21.—Before the Federal Commission on Industrial Relations, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., today read a statement clearing up his position on the John Lawson killing case upon which he was quizzed last night.

Rockefeller said he regarded as improper questions that were so framed as to make him appear to concede that there had been or would be any wilful tampering with the courts. He said he wanted Lawson to get justice.

Chairman Walsh wanted to know whether Rockefeller had any contempt for officers who refused to do his bidding. "I have not," said Rockefeller, who also denied that he tried to get officers into a state of coercion before giving them his respect.

A letter from Bowers to Rockefeller referred to Gov. Ammons of Colorado as a cowboy. It said all the bankers of the state had lined up for Ammons and would be bought to time.

The commission gave out Rockefeller's letters to officials of the Colorado Fuel company. One of the letters referred to a letter from President Wilson as one "which, if from a less dignified statesman, would be regarded as a bluff."

By United Press.

Washington, May 20.—John D. Rockefeller, Jr., appeared before the Federal Commission on Industrial Relations at a hearing here and categorically denied Chairman Walsh's recent charges that he directed the strike in Colorado. He denied that the Rockefeller interests directed the prosecution of Lawson, the leader of the United Mine Workers, who was tried for murder.

The witness admitted that the adjutant general of Colorado consulted the Standard Oil company's publicity agent concerning a series of letters to be used by the governor of Colorado to the president and other governors. Rockefeller said he made some suggestions but the governor never knew anything about the plan.

ORGANIZE 'CLEAN-UP' CAMPAIGN

Comprehensive Suggestions for Car-
rying on Crusades in Cities Con-
tained in Magazine Arti-
cle by Cochran

MAYOR SHOULD
TAKE THE LEAD

Proclamation Should Be Issued and
Thorough Organization Effected;
"Pitiless Publicity" and Whole-
sale Agitation Required

In the April number of the American City, Jerome Cochran makes suggestions for carrying on a "clean-up" campaign as follows:

The mayor should first issue a suitable proclamation calling upon all citizens to clean up cellars, yards, areas and their entire property, to the end that the city may start the summer free of disease breeding accumulations of trash and filth and reduce the fire hazard.

In large cities a committee representing the departments of highways, fire, health, etc., should be appointed by the Mayor to take charge of the work done under the supervision of the city officers.

This committee may be divided into sub-committees, such as finance, press, poster and printed matter, trade associations, community associations, charitable and benevolent, school and school children, churches, retail stores, street cars, vacant lots, fire prevention, etc. Persons on this citizens' committee should all be prominent business men interested in civic activity.

In small cities and towns, meetings of citizens should be held to appoint committees to stimulate interest in the movement.

The town should be divided into districts, a neighborhood club or committee being organized in each district for active work, and to encourage rivalry between districts.

Each neighborhood committee should hold a meeting a short time before clean-up day or week and endeavor to get all adults in their districts at the meeting and enlist their aid.

The various schools should be visited by citizens interested in the movement, and the children should be informed concerning its object.

An extensive and effective means of advertising should be entered into in order that every citizen may know the date and the object of the clean-up campaign and give his best co-operation. By proper publicity, through the press and by leaflets distributed to the school children and from house to house, the campaign can be made to go with a swing.

Large placards announcing the clean-up campaign should be distributed to schools, libraries, clubs, lodges, commercial and industrial establishments and railroad companies, with the result that they be posted in a prominent place. Two of the same placards should also be posted on the windows of each street car operated in the city.

Attractive gummed labels advertising the campaign suitable for attaching to envelopes and to packages carried through the mail and delivered by the department stores, should be distributed to all public service corporations, department stores, newspapers, banks and trust companies.

Bulletins or hand posters suggesting means by which the citizens may co-operate with the city officials should be distributed to each house in the city, preferably by the police, explaining in detail the nature of the work contemplated and so designated that the back can be used to notify the city waste collectors wherever there is rubbish to be removed. These bulletins should not be thrown on the porch, but should be handed to each householder.

Colored display placards may be distributed to the department stores and all retail merchants, to be posted in prominent places in all the large show windows. A much larger poster, similar in design, may be posted on all the billboards in the city, and many

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